

The Qu'Appelle Progress.

Vol. VIII.

QU'APPELLE, N.W.T., THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 28, 1893.

No. 50.

QU'APPELLE.

R. MOLLOY, Issuer of Marriage Licenses, Qu'Appelle Station, Assa.

A. HOLLINGSHEAD, House, Sign and Carriage Painter. Graining, Glazing, Paper Hanging and Kalsomining promptly executed.

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SHAVING SALOON. Ordered Clothing a Specialty.

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Special attention given to HORSE SHOEING. Plows, Harrows, AND ALL KINDS OF FARM IMPLEMENTS. Repaired on the shortest notice.

CREAMER BROS., Veterinary Surgeons, OF REGINA, HAVE Opened an Office in Qu'Appelle, And may be found there constantly to treat all diseases of animals.

A. G. Orchard DRUGGIST & STATIONER Indian Head.

Full lines of Drugs, Patent Medicines and Toilet Articles.

STATIONERY IN GREAT VARIETY.

Also a good stock of

WALL PAPER.

INSPECTION INVITED.

Special attention given to Mail Orders.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY. Quickest route to the

WORLD'S FAIR.

Direct and cheapest route to Toronto, Montreal, New York and all Eastern Cities.

—ALSO TO—

Kootenay Mining Country, Spokane Falls and the

PACIFIC COAST.

C.P.R. LAKE ROUTE.

Sailing from Fort William.

S. S. MANITOBA, every Tuesday.

S. S. ATHABASCA, every Friday.

S. S. ALBERTA, every Sunday.

Connecting trains leave Winnipeg Monday, Thursday and Saturday.

Excursion Tickets to Banff.

TO EUROPE

From Montreal every Wednesday and Saturday; from New York every Wednesday, Thursday and Saturday.

AUSTRALIA

FROM VANCOUVER TO HONOLULU AND SYDNEY.

S. S. Mowara, August 16

S. S. Warrimoo, Sept. 16

And every month thereafter.

CHINA AND JAPAN

FROM VANCOUVER TO YOKOHAMA AND HONG KONG.

Empress Japan, August 28

Empress China, Sept. 18

And every three weeks thereafter.

For full information apply to E. W. WARRNER, Agent, Qu'Appelle, or to ROBT. KERR, General Passenger Agent, Winnipeg.

C. Babbitt,

Watchmaker

AT BULYEA'S FURNITURE STORE.

NORTH-WEST MANUFACTURERS

SLEIGHS.

JUMPERS.

CUTTERS.

BUCKBOARDS.

HARROWS.

FLOW SHARES.

IRON FOR SALE.

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AXLES, LIGHT OR HEAVY.

HORSE SHOEING.

GENERAL JOBBING.

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Door & Window Frames

In all sizes ready to be put together.

LUMBER

AND

BRICK.

General Insurance Agent.

2000 Rolls New

WALL PAPER

HAVE ARRIVED.

BEAUTIFUL PATTERNS,

JUST FROM FACTORY.

TO BE SOLD CHEAP AT

CARTHEW'S

DRUG & STATIONERY

STORE.

OH, SAY!

Did you see those pretty

Baby Carriages

Where there is such a fine display

of FURNITURE, PICTURE

FRAMES, &c., &c.?

No! Where is that?

At Bulyea's Store,

OF COURSE.

IMPROVED

YORKSHIRE PIGS.

For Sale a few young BOARS

and SOWS (certificate of pedigree given).

Also a fine team of HEAVY

DRAUGHT HORSES, in good condition.

Also Two Brantford BINDERS,

in working order.

H. F. BOYCE,

Qu'Appelle Station.

The EXECUTORS of the late

G. P. MURRAY,

Indian Head, Assa.

Have decided to carry on the business in all its branches.

They respectfully call the attention

of the public to the complete

stock of Groceries, Dry Goods, Boots

and Shoes, Glass and Crockeryware,

etc.

etc.

etc.

etc.

etc.

etc.

etc.

etc.

etc.

Fall Trade.

Cowan & Edwards

HAVE NOW ON HAND A FULL STOCK OF

CANADIAN

AND

AMERICAN

Sulky, Gang or

Walking

STUBBLE PLOWS.

Carriages,

Spring Wagons,

Buckboards.

Pumps,

Grain Crushers,

Wheelbarrows.

PRICES RIGHT.

CALL AND SEE.

Qu'Appelle and

Indian Head.

Garfield A. MacGurk

SADDLER

AND

HARNESS MAKER,

QU'APPELLE.

We wish to call the attention of the public to some facts.

We manufacture all the Harness that we offer for sale, and are responsible for the quality.

We do no Jew business.

We sell at the lowest possible living profit, and solicit a careful inspection of all our goods.

If we were so disposed we could put in a stock of shoddy factory goods that we could sell at prices away down, but we are here to stay, and will sell nothing that we cannot guarantee as first class.

Call and see our stock, and you will be convinced that ours is the place for genuine bargains.

Call and inspect my stock of

MILLINERY

FANCY GOODS

DRESSMAKING

Call at

Mrs. Graham's

for first class Millinery, latest styles in Fall and Winter Hats, Straws and Felt.

DRESSMAKING

in charge of MISS SIDES. Fit Guaranteed.

ONE DOOR NORTH OF J. P. BEAU-CHAMPS.

A. J. Osment

GENERAL

MERCHANT

AND DEALER IN

Undertakers' Supplies,

FURNITURE,

STOVES AND STEAM

FITTINGS.

Indian Head, - Assa.

The Qu'Appelle Progress.

Is Published every Thursday

At The Progress Printing Office, in the Town of Qu'Appelle, Assiniboia, Canada.

The rates for our advertising space by contract are as follows:

One column \$5.00 per month \$15.00 per quarter \$40.00 per year

Half column 4.00 12.00 30.00 72.00

Quarter column 3.00 9.00 22.50 54.00

Three inches 2.00 6.00 15.00 36.00

Two inches 1.50 4.50 11.25 27.00

Business cards \$1.00 per month payable quarterly

The above rates do not apply to auction sales, entertainments, tenders, meetings, legal notices, or anything of a transitory nature. Transient advertisements, 10 cents per line first insertion, 5 cents per line each additional insertion. Yearly advertisements allowed to be changed monthly, if offered \$1.00 will be charged for each additional change.

Business cards, 50 cents for first twenty-five words, 2 cents for each additional word. The publisher reserves the right to refuse to insert advertisements of a questionable or objectionable character.

Subscription price: \$1.00 per annum, in advance; single copies 5 cents.

A liberal commission will be allowed to parties who are willing to act as agents for the paper.

Write for terms.

THE PROGRESS PRINTING CO., Qu'Appelle, Assn.

A. C. PATTERSON, Manager.

THURSDAY, SEPT. 28, 1893.

MARRIAGE AN AID TO LONGEVITY.

Bachelors beware. Charles Darwin, in the course of a long life devoted to science, has pretty thoroughly established the reputation of never making a statement without having first verified it by the most careful investigation, and Mr. Darwin has co-operated with the famous Scotch scientist, Dr. Stark, in urging matrimony as one of the most important aids to longevity. Statistics gathered in 1853 show that unmarried men throughout France, between the ages of twenty and eighty, died in much larger proportion than the married. For example, of 1000 unmarried men between twenty and thirty years of age 113 died annually, while of 1000 married men between ages just mentioned, but 65 died. In 1863 and 64 similar statistics were gathered in Scotland, when it was found that in every 1000 unmarried between the ages of twenty and thirty, 14-97 annually died, while of the married only 7-24 died. Dr. Stark contended that bachelorhood is more destructive to life than the most unwholesome trade, or a residence in an unwholesome house or district where there has never been the most distant attempt at sanitary improvement. He also found in France as well as in Scotland that widows and widowers suffer in comparison with the married a heavy rate of mortality.

PRACTICAL SYMPATHY WITH STRIKING MINERS.

The question of prolonging the strike of the coal miners in England, which two or three times has appeared to be on the verge of collapse, is simply one of money. It was thought a few days ago that the Derbyshire miners would be compelled to return to work, the funds of their association having been exhausted, tradesmen refusing further to accept coupons that the association issued to strikers in lieu of money. The association, however, proved itself fertile to the expedient and at once opened negotiations to raise a loan of £16,000. Five Gladstonian members of the House of Commons agreed to guarantee the repayment of the money, and with these gentlemen as its security the association found little difficulty in raising the desired amount of money. The sum thus raised will enable the Derbyshire association to pay its members the usual strike pay for a long time, with the result that the strike may be prolonged unless some amicable understanding is reached with the mine owners. The strikers are naturally jubilant over the success of the association raising the money. It can be said to-day there are no more popular men among the Derbyshire miners than the members of Parliament whose guarantee enabled the association to borrow the sinews of war.

APPOINTMENTS.

The following appointments have been made by His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor:—To be Justices of the Peace—Hilton Keith, of Carlton, Saskatchewan; George Wallace, of Wetaskiwin, Alberta; Joseph Henry Millward, of Calgary, Alberta. To be coroner—Robert James Campbell, of Carnduff, Assiniboia. To be commissioners for taking affidavits within the Territories—Charles Stewart Lowrie, of Kinistino, Saskatchewan; The Rev. James Flett, Inspector of Schools, of Prince Albert, Saskatchewan; The Rev. David Gilhes, Inspector

of Schools, of Wapella, Assiniboia; William Rothwell, Inspector of Schools, of Regina, Assiniboia; John Hewgill, Inspector of Schools, of Moosomin, Assiniboia. To be issuers of marriage licenses—James E. Spence, of Kinistino, Saskatchewan; Joseph Zuel-Miquelon, of Wetaskiwin, Alberta. To be game-guardians—Herbert Mansell and Asaph Elias Gunn, of Melfort, Saskatchewan.

OPENING OF THE SOO LINE.

The Canadian Pacific new Soo line is now open. The first through train left Vancouver for St. Paul and Minneapolis on Saturday last, and the first trip from Minneapolis to the coast was commenced on Sunday. The Soo-Pacific line is the name by which the extension will be known. The trains come east over the main line of the C.P.R. to Pasqua, about seven miles east of Moose Jaw, where junction is made with the new line. Daily trains will connect at Pasqua, that going south leaving at 9.10 o'clock, and arriving from Minneapolis will reach the C.P.R. junction at 18.35 o'clock. A joint circular has been issued by the traffic departments of the lines interested, which reads: "The extension of the Canadian Pacific Railway from Pasqua to the International boundary, North Portal, connecting with the Minneapolis, St. Paul and Sault Ste. Marie Railway, is now completed and open for freight traffic. The completion of this line, to be known as the Soo-Pacific line, forms the shortest route from points on the North Pacific coast and Minneapolis and St. Paul. The Soo-Pacific line is now in a position to reach all points accessible to its competitors at current rates. Freight tariffs and information as to through rates, etc., can be obtained upon application to the undersigned or the authorized agents of the Soo-Pacific line." When the link was forged at the International boundary line silver spikes were used.

COLD CLIMATES AND LONG LIVES.

Cold climates are always productive of a vigorous animal existence, says an American writer: I know this to be a fact from recent studies that I have made of various climatic conditions and their effect. Now I have found that the life of a people living in a tropical climate is comparatively short. Not only their physical life, but their life as a nation is affected by this curious law. In evidence of this latter assertion I can point to all the short-lived governments that have arisen and fallen in the heated zones of this new continent. Everybody is aware of the constant revolutions and uprisings in Mexico, Central America and the South American republics. Whereas, North America, throughout the temperate regions, has remained for a hundred years but little disturbed.

Africa is a constant battleground for the blacks, and Southern Asia and Southern Europe have ever been the scene of internecine conflicts. On the other hand, Russia has remained undisturbed for centuries, the people being apparently calmed by the cold climatic conditions.

So, too, with Sweden and Norway, Denmark and the North German provinces. These nations as individuals are phlegmatic. They are not easily moved to resentment except where the burdens imposed are of the most tyrannical nature. So it happens that the governments have lived on for centuries, their kings tracing their ancestry back through the ages until they lose their record in the barbaric period of the Roman domination. The Scandinavians (which term comprises as a type-name most of the inhabitants of North Europe), are long-lived, many of them reaching the extreme old age of one hundred and fifteen years.

The Scandinavian records are full of the names of men who lived to exceeding old age, while the remarkable names of the southern nations are always coupled with the statement of an early death.

TELEGRAPH OPERATORS AND THEIR TEETH.

Telegraph operators over the water have been discussing with a good deal of interest a debate which recently took place in the British House of Commons with reference to the rule by which all candidates for positions in the telegraph department are compelled to submit their teeth to the examination of a dental surgeon before being accepted, and the refusal of the Postmaster General to hold the rule in abeyance pending the investigations of a special committee.

The rule in question is based, it is said, upon a new medical theory that unsound teeth are affected by electricity, and that as a consequence operators whose molars are not in first-class condition are apt to become rattled and confused, and thus liable to make mistakes. The hardships to be borne by this rule are said to be very great, and the telegraphers threaten to appeal to the courts, but are afraid of losing their positions.

SIR CHARLES TUPPER ON THE UNITY OF THE EMPIRE.

Sir Charles Tupper, the High Commissioner of Canada in England, who is now on a tour in this country, made a brilliant speech at a banquet at the Manitoba Club, Winnipeg, on Wednesday evening, the 20th inst. The distinguished gentleman said that his visit to Canada was of a purely private character, and he had made up his mind before leaving England that he would avoid any reference to political questions of any description during his sojourn in the country, not allowing himself to be betrayed into the utterance of a single word of a partisan political character. There were, however, some questions to which he had given a great deal of attention during his political life that he might venture to make the subject of a few remarks.

The question of Imperial Federation was one of those questions of great importance, and yet entirely free from anything of a party character. The term "Imperial Federation" was perhaps not the most appropriate that could have been chosen. The speaker would have preferred the term "The Unity of the Empire," and the unity of that great empire of which Canada forms so important a part is a question vitally important to all classes and to all parties, not only in the Mother country but in the colonies as well. A great chance had taken place in reference to the colonies within a comparatively few years. It was not long since a number of prominent public men in Great Britain held the opinion that it was of no great importance to England whether the colonies remained connected with the empire or not. All this was changed now. Sir Charles gave the sentiments of the leading gentlemen of both political parties in England on the question, and emphatically denied the assertion that Canada occupied the humiliating position of being a burthen to the Empire. On the contrary, Canada might be justly proud of the fact that the services of her sons have been sought on many important occasions. The speaker referred to the questions of independent management and commercial treaties, and then dealt with Canada's contribution to the defence of the empire. Those who said that Canada contributed nothing to the defence of the empire must be very ignorant of the facts on this subject. There was the construction of the great inter-oceanic line of railway running from Halifax to Vancouver, and the opening up of the magnificent North-West Territory—a country but for the railway separated from Ontario by an unbroken wilderness of 1500 miles and cut off from British Columbia by the Rocky Mountains. This magnificent country, which can furnish homes for forty millions of people, has been provided with a line of railway upon which the people have expended no less than \$180,000,000. The connection by rail from Halifax to Vancouver opened up this splendid future granary of the world for settlement by stout hearts and strong arms, not only from Great Britain but by the best men from Scandinavia and Germany to become settlers, and as brave defenders of British institutions as native-born Canadians. Sir Charles pointed out what Canada was doing in other directions for the strength and unity of the empire at an annual expenditure of \$10,000,000, and remarked on what, in his judgment, is the fallacy and mistaken policy of those who have adopted the line of advocating the unity of the empire upon a basis which was calculated not to promote that unity but to destroy it.

NEW ELEVATOR COMPANY.

A despatch from Montreal says it is understood that a new grain elevator company is in progress of formation there, and that the scheme has the promised support of several of the steamship companies and the Canadian Pacific and Grand Trunk railways. The capital of the new company will be 100,000, and it is expected that operations will be started next spring.

EXPERIMENTAL FARM INSPECTION.

Professor Saunders, chief of the experimental farm department, at Ottawa, has been making his annual tour of inspection through Manitoba, the North-West Territories, and British Columbia. Whilst at Winnipeg on his return, he was interviewed by a Free Press reporter, and he gave a general account of his observations. After dealing with the Brandon Experimental Farm, the Professor made the following remarks with reference to the Indian Head institution:—

"On the Indian Head farm the grain will average heavier in weight and the crop is somewhat larger. The crop of wheat at Indian Head, as far as the threshing is completed, has ranged 30 to 31 bushels per acre; of barley, 27 to 28 bushels; of oats, 75 to 77 bushels.

Many of the best farmers in the district north of Indian Head have better crops of wheat than those on the Experimental Farm, for the reason that their land is heavier and equally well prepared. Several of those who have threshed have had forty bushels; others in the neighborhood of thirty bushels. This, however, only applies to land which has been summer-fallowed. On spring and fall plowing the crops will not average much more than half these figures, and the average crop, putting the good and the inferior together in the Indian Head district, will, I think, be about twenty-five bushels per acre. This is probably a low estimate. Some judges there put it at thirty bushels.

The root crop at both farms will be light on account of continued dry weather. Potatoes are of excellent quality, but medium in size and only medium in regard to weight of crop.

The corn crop at Brandon will run about sixteen tons to the acre; that on the Indian Head farm very much lighter; the weight in this case has not yet been ascertained.

The good crops of this district extend about as far as Balgonie where they begin to be lighter."

A QUEER OCCUPATION.

There is a man who holds the position of agent for a popular preacher of this city. He was a college graduate, and had studied law, theology, horses, music, the drama, and had tried the newspapers, all without success. Then he made the discovery that the preachers were the hardest pushed of all professional men for ideas to incorporate into their sermons. "Now, this," says the agent, "is what I do. A preacher lines me up to wander about town and report to him little incidents or queer ideas that strike me. He takes these and weaves them into his sermons. For instance, a preacher who has a large congregation with much visiting to do could not, if he were so inclined, visit all the public meetings, the reports of gamblers and drunkards, the factories, and the clumsy of the city. I am the eyes through which he sees these things, and, using my information, he speaks learnedly and intelligently of all phases of life, and sets his congregation a wondering where he gets time to see so much. He is thus enabled to interest every element in his congregation, appearing to the sporting man as a sportsman, to the athlete as an enthusiast in athletics, to the musician as a musician, and to the theatre-goer as one well versed in the plays of our day. I also tell him what the people are saying about him, and so he is able to talk to the different classes in a way that leads them—without of my own ideas as a gad-about—to think him really wonderful in reading their thoughts. I am liberal in my ideas. One month I serve a Methodist, the next may look at the same things again with Baptist eyes, or Presbyterian, or may do service for a Unitarian. I am at present working for a preacher in this city whose sermons are very much noticed by the papers, and who is noted for his original ideas, which I furnish, but for which I am well paid."

FALL OF SNOW IN ENGLAND.

ARK CO. LTD.,
Games and Stationery
ONT

NOT WISELY, BUT TO WELL

CHAPTER XXV

"IN THE TOWN OF THE FUTURE"

When Keith Athelstone leaves Lauraine

that morning he is scarcely conscious of

what he is doing.

"I got with my brain whirling, with a

dim sense of his life's complete failure

pressing his heart, he goes straight to

his room and asks to see her.

"Now, then, into the room, as she ex-

presses it, the great lightning."

"Well, what's the matter?" she cries,

"that the book broke, or has it with a

—Why, Keith? (with sudden gravi-
ty, "there you are!"

Her voice seems to recall his senses. He

goes down and looks at the radiant

face.

"Yes, he says, brokenly, "[I] have

been so busy that I have behaved to you

as a brute, I have no excuse to

offer. I can only tell you the plain truth,

and that is—

"I can't live at Norristown, it would be

absolutely impossible for me to do so."

"I don't know what the deuce

you're doing, unless you let me help you."

"No, thank you. We'll drop short of

money faster. I haven't come to that yet."

"But what can you do?" persisted Sir

Francis. "Five hundred pounds a year?"

"Why, wouldn't I keep you in gowns for

three months—and cold except to eat,

drink, pay rent, and clothe yourself, on

such a beggar's pittance?"

"Oh, I shall get into debt for a year, of

course," says Lady Jean, coolly, "and then

you'll suppose."

"He turns very white. "You say that to

me?"

"My dear Frank, why not? You are a

man of the world; you don't suppose I am

going to stagnate in poverty and obscurity

and let my happy chance give you the free-

dom I possess. No—I shall be as usual.

I must do the best for myself. You are not

surely so selfish as to expect me to throw

away a good chance just for you."

"I thought you loved me," he says,

glombling. "You love me?"

"Love you? Of course I love you! But

what use—now, any more than before? Do

you expect fidelity in a case like ours? Do

you expect I shall be a case like yours? Do

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BOW'S BUSINESS?

The Question Answered in the Following Items.

The French wheat crop is officially estimated at 270,000,000 bushels, which is 50,000,000 below the average.

Gold in the United States Treasury is still \$1,659,376 below the hundred million mark.

An increase of 10 is anticipated in refined sugars in the American market before the close of the year.

The increase in the reserve of the Bank of England for the week was £1,044,000, of which £500,000 was in gold imported.

The duties collected at the port of Toronto for the month of August aggregated \$458,651.43 an increase of \$17,702.12 over the same month of last year.

The aggregate clearings of Montreal, Toronto, Halifax and Hamilton for the week amount to \$18,000,000, or 15 per cent. less than last week, 17 per cent. less than the week before and 24 per cent. less than a year ago.

The number of failures in the Dominion of Canada for the week is 42, as compared with 27 the week before. The Provinces of Ontario, which contributed 15 failures, this week gives way to Quebec with 14, all of which are more or less unimportant, however, there being but four rated up to five hundred dollars. Ten are under five hundred dollars and without credit rating. The Dominion's augmentation is altogether due to the Province of British Columbia with ten failures, which is equal to the preceding seven weeks. Of the twelve failures in Ontario, three were rated above \$100,000, the balance, and the remainder under five hundred or without any capital or credit rating.

The stereotyped remark of silver monetarists is that "there is an inefficient supply of gold to meet the wants of the nation, and especially the United States, with money actually on a gold basis." As a matter of fact, the supply of gold has been increasing for some time at a greater ratio than population and business, both in the new and old worlds. From 1874 to 1887 the annual output was \$104,000,000 and since that time it has increased to \$1,000,000,000. Last year the output was \$1,000,000,000, and this year it is estimated at \$1,100,000,000.

"Lauraine said you not! Ah, how beautiful is faith! Did I not tell you that marriage would never fail? What reason does he give for breaking it off?"

"Oh, the girl says she broke it off because they could not furnish the drawing room. Has got the young Earl of Longueval after her now, and I suppose will end in matrimony."

"And Keith has left England," says Lady Jean, musingly; "or is that a blind? Where is your pretty saint?"

"Lauraine! She is staying with her sister friend in Kensington, Mr. Jean. With all due respect to your 'saints,' that is not the girl you mean. Keith doesn't care two straws for the fellow, though he is madly in love with her. Why, I met him rushing out of the house like a lunatic the day he came to say 'Good-bye.' Never saw a fellow in such a state in my life, and she was his wife, and she was quite contented."

"He has not gone," says Lady Jean, tranquilly. "I won't mind an even bet of a cool thousand at that point, Frank. While England holds Lauraine, it will hold Keith Athelstone. Of that I am quite convinced."

"I think you mistake her," says Sir Francis, coolly.

"She is human, and she loves," answers Lady Jean. "Of course she is of a much higher order of intelligence than most women—cast in a nobler mould, and all that. But still—"

"She pauses musingly. Sir Francis moves with sudden impatience. "Why talk of her?" he says. "You know I hate her."

"I know nothing of the sort," retorts Lady Jean. "On the contrary, she is a much higher order of intelligence than most women—cast in a nobler mould, and all that. But still—"

"She pauses musingly. Sir Francis moves with sudden impatience. "Why talk of her?" he says. "You know I hate her."

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HEALTH

Preventing Disease.

It should ever be borne in mind that it is very much easier to prevent diseases than to cure them. It is equally certain that our health is as much under our personal control as our education and business.

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THE WORLD OVER

It is usually considered that an adult should drink about three pints of liquid a day.

On an average nine people are sentenced to penal servitude for life every year in England.

Last year the United States and Canada published 19,753 papers, with an aggregate circulation of 3,481,610,000 copies.

Until the discovery of the gold mines in California Russia was the greatest gold producing country, mining about \$18,000,000 a year.

The Church of All Hallows in London still possesses an income originally given for the purpose of buying fags for burning heretics.

Since the beginning of the century France has fallen from the second to the fourth place in point of population among European countries.

A scientist, who has been listening to the voice of the house fly through the microphone, says it sounds very much like the neighing of a horse.

Down to the present century a part of the marriage ceremony in Hungary consisted in the groom giving the bride cake to remind her of his subsistence.

The Maldivian Islanders always eat in the most private room in the house, and carefully close the doors and darken the windows that they may be unobserved.

Down to the time of Domitian the female mourning dress among the Romans was a black gown and white veil; after that time it was a white gown and black veil.

The left hand shows the natural inclination; the right the direction in which the individual is traveling. In left-handed people these conditions are reversed.

The nobles of Spain claim the right of appearing in the presence of the king with their hats on to show that they are not so much subject to him as the nobles of other countries.

In some parts of Ethiopia men present themselves entirely without clothes before a person to whom they wish to pay special reverence, in order to show their humility.

The museum of antiquities at Dresden has come into possession of an interesting marble relief from Rome, which represents an ancient butcher shop, of olden shape, and divided by a pillar into two equal parts.

From the fall of the western empire, A. D. 476, to the discovery of America the most important European coin was the silver denier, or penny, about the size of a modern cent.

By general consent it was decided that the same size by all European sovereigns, and passed everywhere.

St. Patrick's half penny were coins struck in Ireland during a rebellion. A great quantity of them were brought to New Jersey in 1

Town & Country Cullings.

—The Misses Scott are back from Touchwood, where they have been staying for a short time.

—The Rev. Owen Owens, of Touchwood, drove down and spent Monday in town, returning on Tuesday.

—Mr. Hayter Reid, Indian Commissioner, was in town on Monday on business in connection with the department.

—Mr. W. J. Davidson is now on the market ready to buy grain, and represents the firm of D. H. McMillan & Co., Winnipeg.

—Mr. E. W. Warner is back from his excursion amongst his friends. He returned on Friday last, accompanied by Mrs. Warner and family.

—Mr. Fred Bell is acting in the capacity of street overseer, and the sidewalks are now being put in better repair. Other improvements are also being made.

—Mr. McGurk, harness maker, has moved into his new premises, where he will have warmer quarters for the winter, and a more commodious place of business.

—His Lordship Bishop Burn returned on Friday from attending the synod meeting in Toronto. On Sunday he was in Regina, and arrived here again on Monday.

—Mr. James Scott is about to dispose of his large flock of sheep. There are 800 ewes and lambs to be offered for sale. Particulars will be found in our advertising columns.

—The silver cups offered for competition by the South Qu'Appelle Agricultural Society for pedigree stock have arrived, and are on exhibition in Caswell's and Beauchamp's stores.

—The Indians from Muscowpetung Reserve have been hauling large quantities of wood into town of late, and the prevailing cold weather has enabled them to find a ready sale for it.

—Mr. Jockie, who for some time has been in charge of the Baptist Mission here, preached his farewell sermon in McLane's Hall on Sunday, and left by the east bound train on Tuesday. His destination is Toronto.

—There were a couple of country parties on Thursday evening last—one at Mrs. Musgrove's and the other at Mrs. Restwick's. The gathering was large at both places, and it is needless to say that all enjoyed themselves.

—Mr. William Curry, who was formerly settled near McLean, is spending a holiday with his friends in this locality. He has been in a salmon canning establishment on the Fraser River, but work is now suspended for the winter. Mr. Curry reports things quiet at the coast.

—Sunday's train took to Regina three young men who have lived some time here—Messrs. S. Hogg, T. Hannah, and W. Duguid. The two last named went to work in the vicinity of the capital, and "Sam" is taking a holiday prior to going east. He is staying with his brother-in-law, Dr. Dickinson.

—Rev. A. Matheson took leave of his congregation on Sunday last, his term as pastor of the Qu'Appelle Mission having expired. He spoke in feeling terms of the kindness he had received by all during his labors here, and assured his hearers that he would always entertain warm recollections of that period of his life which had been spent amongst them.

—School Inspector Gillicie paid our town an official visit on Monday and Tuesday last. During his stay he examined the children in both departments of the school in the various branches of their work. The practice of inserting the reports in the visitors' book has been discontinued, and they are now forwarded direct from the department to the Board of Trustees. This being the case, we are unable to give a verbatim report, but are in a position to state that the Inspector will be able to report most favorably, for he found very efficient work being done in both sections of the school.

—The present season's crop is, with but few exceptions, all stacked, and the threshing machines are busy in every section of the country, so that we can form a general estimate of the yield. In this particular district we feel that one and all have every reason to be thankful, as the yield this year will compare favorably with that of any other year, and while the yield is good the sample is fine and bright. We have a large number of good farmers, and with anything like fair seasons they have always been able to produce an average crop. So far as the threshing machines have gone, they have ground out from 30 to 40 bushels of wheat, from 70 to 80 of oats, and from 30 to 35 of barley.

DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder.

The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder.—No Ammonia; No Alum.
Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.

—Miss Broley is visiting her many friends in the Wideawake settlement.

—Dick French, the noted trotting horse, has had a very successful tour in the States. He is at present stabled at Qu'Appelle.

—Pheasant Forks Agricultural Society's show takes place to-day, Indian Head on Wednesday next, and South Qu'Appelle on Thursday.

—The Beasey Children Concert Company did not appear in the Methodist Church as announced on Tuesday evening, owing to the mother of the children being taken suddenly ill at Regina.

—Mr. John Crowe, of Vancouver Settlement, has been distinguishing himself as a goose shooter. Two and three geese at a crack is becoming a matter of course with him. If he keeps up his practice, he will soon be as proficient as a slayer of geese as he is a dancer of the Red River jig.

—On Friday last, while Mr. Spiering's steam outfit was threshing at Mr. Harry Bunn's, a fire broke out in one of the stacks, and, owing to the strong wind which was blowing at the time, the fire got beyond control and burned with great fury. Mr. Bunn lost about 600 bushels of grain, together with his stables and granary. Immediately after the fire, Mr. Spiering turned in his threshing gang (eleven in all), and with the assistance of a few of the neighbors re-built the stables. The following day he completed Mr. Bunn's threshing free of charge.

LORLIE.

Miss Barnsley, of the Park Farm, has returned from her visit to Pheasant Forks.

The sportsmen are having a good time just now, for prairie chickens are plentiful in this district.

Inspector Govan, who has been visiting friends west of here, left on Friday for Saltoun.

Mr. W. Weston left on Monday for Wolsley. He is now "Peggy" of that town.

Mr. Rogers, land inspector, was here recently on a tour of inspection. He looks hale and hearty as ever.

Miss Annie Pallister, of the View Lands Farm, was in town on Saturday, and her many friends were very pleased to see her.

The posters are issued announcing the fall exhibition of the Pheasant Forks Agricultural Society, which will take place on Thursday, the 28th inst.

Mr. J. D. Cantelon, who has been on a business trip to Saltoun, returned on Friday.

GRENFELL.

The weather was very unfavorable on Thursday last for the tenth annual exhibition of the Agricultural Society. A cold wind was blowing from the north-west and a drizzling rain made it very uncomfortable for those who ventured out. Although seen at a disadvantage, the exhibits were good, and it is a pity the weather was not finer so as to allow more people to take advantage of an opportunity of seeing the best products of the district.

A serious fire occurred on the 16th inst., by which the building used by Messrs. McLannet & Lee as a carpenter's shop was totally destroyed. Fortunately there was little or no wind at the time, or the result would have been still more disastrous. There was no insurance carried, and, in addition to the building, the loss on stock and tools is considerable.

Colonel Lake was the first to send wheat into town this season, a good sample arriving from his farm on the 22nd.

KENLIS.

The harvest on the plains is not as far advanced as in some places we hear from, there being some not stacked yet. The showery weather of last week and the week before to some extent detained the stacking process, and two threshing outfits in the neighborhood were affected in the same way. So far, the wheat is turning out well—about 35 bushels per acre; and with but very few exceptions a first class sample.

The attendance at the schoolhouse last Sunday evening was unusually small, owing, no doubt, to so many of the neighbors going to the opening of the new Presbyterian Church at Sintaluta. But the few who did attend were well paid, as they had the pleasure of hearing a very interesting discourse from Mr. Kinley, who appears to be very deeply in earnest in his work.

We learn that Mr. Peter Dayman has been appointed manager of the Farmers' Elevator at Sintaluta at a salary of \$1,000 a year. We hope the elevator will pay a good dividend.

ESTEVAN.

The Soo has been completed to Pasqua, and trains are now running daily from Minneapolis to Puget Sound via Estevan.

It is reported that the division will be made at North Portal at the crossing of the boundary south-east of here. Some 25 men will be employed, and engine and repair shops erected. The station at that point with customs warehouse is nearly completed. The American town to the south of the boundary is called South Portal.

An interesting social event occurred at the residence of Dr. Scott last week, when Miss L. Service, until lately engaged in the post-office here, was led to the altar by Mr. L. Hammer, a well known rancher from Willow Bunch. The guests present were the immediate relatives of the bride, and Major and Mrs. Phipps, Inspector and Mrs. Wilson, and Mr. Paterson. After partaking of the wedding breakfast, the newly married pair took the train for their new home via Brandon and Moose Jaw.

Coal mining will be extensively engaged in this winter. The Dominion Coal Company intend working their mines here and at Roche Perce. The other mines will also ship large quantities of coal.

Some fine specimens of brick clay and pottery clay are on exhibition at the Kelly House.

MOOSOMIN RACES.

The races at Moosomin, held on Wednesday, the 20th, were brought off successfully. The following are the returns:—

Pony race—Tennyson's Cossack, 1st; Hayer's Little Jim, 2nd; Cleverly's Protestant Dan, 3rd.

Green trot or pace—Mr. Cleverly's Fanny G, had the race her own way, coming in an easy first. Messop's Royal Mambrino trotted well and was not far behind Fanny at the finish. McCullum's Jew mare 3rd.

Two-year-old colt race—Prices's George E. first place, Scoble's Pilot second, and Durrie's The Colonel third.

Team race, trot or pace—Paul's nomination first, Cleverly's nomination second, and Perry's nomination third.

Umbrella and cigar race—The first under the wire with cigar alight, was Dr. Carter on his Charlie, with H. J. Haines second on Capt. Price's Jess.

The mile dash was captured by Forbe's Tootsie, with Cleverly's Clamboy second and Currie's Gibson third.

Tootsie also won the 144 hands pony race with Hewill's Punch second, and Wetmore's Jane third.

A good race was witnessed in the Hunt Club race, two miles. Macell's Red Skin had the lead throughout the four laps, but within a few yards of the wire Cleverly's Clamboy, Jr., gradually crept up and the finish was a dead heat. Currie's Gipsy Maid third. Messrs. Macell and Cleverly agreed to divide first and second money.

MEETING OF PRESBYTERY.

The Presbytery of Regina met at Broadview on Wednesday, Sept. 13th. There was a large attendance of members with whom sat, as corresponding member, Principal King, of Manitoba College.

Minutes of previous meeting read and sustained. Messrs. Robson, Campbell, Clay and Carmichael, were appointed a committee to allocate the amounts required of the Presbytery among the different congregations. Elder's commission in favor of Messrs. J. R. Anderson, Richard Beale, and John McLeod were read and their names added to the roll. Mr. Muirhead reported that he had moderated in a call at Moosomin which was in favor of Mr. J. A. Reddon, B.A. The call was presented signed by 95 communicants and concurred in by 23 adherents. Mr. Anderson, representative of the congregation, was heard in support of the call. It was agreed to receive and sustain the call, place it in Mr. Reddon's hands, and in the event of his acceptance to meet for his induction at Moosomin on Tuesday, Oct. 10th at 5 o'clock p.m. It was also decided that Mr. Carmichael preside and address the minister, Mr. McKay the people, and Mr. Muirhead preach. Mr. Welsh was appointed to represent the Presbytery at the

opening of the new church at Sintaluta on the 23rd inst. The convenor of the H.M. committee submitted his report for the half year when grants to various mission fields were passed. On petition from Qu'Appelle that station was separated from Matheson's settlement and united with two stations to the south and Mr. W. S. Moore asked to take charge for the ensuing six months. Mr. Matheson, with a student helper, was appointed to take charge of Balgonie, Matheson Settlement, Rose Plain and Longlaketon. Mr. J. A. Cairns was appointed to Carnduff for six months. Further appointments were left with the convenor of the H.M. committee. Mr. Ferry was appointed to take the oversight of the Lansdowne field. Messrs. Robson, Campbell and Matheson, were appointed a committee on reception of catechists. Ministers adjacent to the various mission fields were requested to have the fields provide houses for the use of student missionaries. The convenor of the committee on examination of students was requested to obtain discourses from all students and authorize the clerk to certify them to their various colleges. The books of the H.M. committee were audited for the first half of the year and found accurately kept. Mr. McKelvie was authorized to form a session in the Longlaketon field. The Rev. Dr. King, on invitation of the Moderator, addressed the Presbytery on the work of the Manitoba College. Thereupon the thanks of the Court were accorded Dr. King for his helpful presence and address and the continual prosperity of Manitoba College was gratefully acknowledged. In the discussion upon the temperance question, the attention of the Court was directed to a movement on foot for the erection of a brewery at Regina, when the following resolution was unanimously agreed to: "That the Presbytery views with grave apprehension the possible establishment of a brewery in Regina and would respectfully urge the members and adherents of the Presbyterian Church to use their utmost endeavors to prevent the establishment, and to co-operate with others in seeking this end."

It was further agreed to request all ministers and missionaries to bring the subject of temperance prominently before their people. After singing the 121st Psalm the benediction was pronounced, and the Presbytery adjourned to meet at Indian Head on the second Wednesday of March next.

WEDDING AT QU'APPELLE.

On Saturday morning last S. Peter's Pro-Cathedral was filled by those who had congregated to witness a most important social event. It was the marriage of Mr. Barnett Harvey, late of Perthshire, Scotland, to Miss Isolda Lillian Sheppard, third daughter of Mr. W. B. Sheppard, of Qu'Appelle. The ceremony was performed by the Bishop of Qu'Appelle. The bride was given away by her father. She carried a beautiful bouquet of white flowers and was attired in white silk—a five gored skirt with a train and low evening jodice worn with a gym—a coronet of flowers and a veil. The bridesmaids were Misses Violet, Daisy and May Sheppard, sisters of the bride. They wore dresses of heliotrope cashmere and black hats with heliotrope ribbons. The groomsmen were Mr. J. H. MacCaul. After the ceremony, a reception was held at the Leland House, and the happy couple departed for Winnipeg on their honeymoon amid showers of rice and the good wishes of friends for their future happiness.

AMERICANS EULOGIZE THE N.W.T. EXHIBIT.

Senator Peley, who is Commissioner for the N.W.T., put his whole soul into the work of erection of his Court in the Agricultural Building. His heart is in the right place, and he has now the satisfaction of knowing that visitors are delighted with the N.W.T. exhibit. From the Registration Book we extract the following highly complimentary opinions from the pens of Americans who have recently made an inspection of the grains of North-western Canada:

A. S. Bates, of Waterford, Va.: "I have made a very careful examination of the agricultural exhibits in this building, and can unhesitatingly say that the Canadian exhibit far surpasses any other in my opinion. The surprisingly excellent exhibit from the North-West Territories is one which that section may be justly proud of, and Canadians ought to be thankful that in this New Canada they have such a heritage. All prosperity to the North-West Territories, the future granary of the world."

Rev. J. A. Neill, Chippewa Falls, Wis.: "I consider the product of the North-West Territories especially fine."

Wm. P. Gillette, of Osborne, Kans.: "Having taken a thorough look at all the exhibits of all the different countries; also taking note

of the best ones; I am free to say you rank among the first."

John French, Akron, Ohio: "After carefully looking over all the beautiful grain exhibited by Canada, and especially that of the N.W.T., the conclusion is forced upon me that the United States are not in it at all."

A. F. Stoeger, of the American Brewing Co.: "The Canadian barley from the N.W. Territories exhibited here is about as fine a sample as I ever saw, and for brewing and malting purposes superior to almost anything in this line that has ever come under my observation."—*Canadian American*.

Since the "battle of the gangway" in the British House of Commons deliberative bodies create no decided sensation when they resort to violence after argument has been used up. It is after all but a substitution of the rule of force for the rule of majority, and in nine cases out of ten these practically mean the same thing. The Vancouver Public School Board figures as the latest prize ring in this respect. Trustee Collins and Trustee Templeton opened the sparring, and after they had choked each other on the floor for a few minutes the other trustees took a hand, and, in the words of an eye-witness, a squirming mass of entangled humanity held the fort till the meeting had adjourned. We have but one word of comment to make upon this matter. Fighting is bad for the eyes, but advice is only wasted upon people of pugilistic instincts. Therefore until the electorates disqualify pugilists who enter into parliamentary, municipal or school campaigns, it would be well for women to remain content with their present lot. Women are little good in a general melee; it is in purely domestic contests that they have won that species of reputation which the stronger sex now seems disposed to develop in deliberative assemblies.—*Empire*.

800 SHEEP FOR SALE.

TIME undergoing will offer for sale, either in small or large lots, 800 EWES and LAMBS. Can be seen at any time after the 1st of October at Qu'Appelle Station.

JAMES SCOTT.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to all parties knowing themselves to be indebted to the estate of the late William Brydon to come forward and pay the same to the undersigned within 30 days of this date. All persons having CLAIMS against the said estate are hereby notified to forward and prove the said claims on or before November 1st, 1903, otherwise the same claims will be barred. Dated at Qu'Appelle Station this 27th day of September, 1903.

D. S. McCANNELL, Administrator.

WANTED.

A BOY to learn the Drug Business, and also to be generally useful about the premises. Apply at Dr. Cartwright's Drug Store.

WANTED.

WANTED at once, a HOUSEKEEPER for the Indian Indian School, Touchwood Hills. The duties are to look after food and clothing of pupils and to teach seven girls house and kitchen work, etc. Must be a member of the Church of England. Apply, stating wages required, also age and qualifications, with testimonials or references, to the Rev. OWEN OWENS, Kaituma, P.O., Assn.

60-52

LOST.

LOST, on the Fort Trail, between Mr. T. Carro's and Qu'Appelle Station, on Thursday, the 14th inst., a BLACK PLESH LAMP, with spots on hind legs. If applying at the Postoffice Office, the finder will be directed to the owner, who will reward him for his trouble.

60-52

STRAYED.

CAME into my herd last June, Bull Calf, red and white. Owner is requested to prove property, pay expenses, and take the animal away.

C. G. BOOTH.

Sept. 7th, 1903.

STRAYED.

ON to the premises of the undersigned last May, a yearling roan COLT; star on the forehead; hind fetlocks white. The owner is requested to prove property, pay expenses, and take him away.

P. S. GRAHAM.

East 4 Sec. 36, Tp. 17, R. 14.

48-50

HORSES FOR SALE.

I WILL have by the 23rd inst. one pair of good FARM MARES and HORSES, which will be sold off at bottom prices for cash.

J. BOOTH.

Indian Head.

Clerk's Office,

Municipality of South Qu'Appelle

APPLICATIONS will be received up to noon on Monday, the 2nd of October for the office of COLLECTOR for the year 1903, at a salary of \$60.

By order,

J. DOOLITTLE, Clerk.

NOTICE.

J. DOOLITTLE, having been appointed Intelligence Officer and Municipal Land Guide, parties having land or houses for rent or sale would do well to place themselves in communication with him.

THE CHEAPEST FARM

In the Qu'Appelle District For Sale.

THE N.E. 1/4 Sec. 26, Tp. 18, R. 15, west of 2nd Meridian. On the farm is a good frame house (10 rooms), also outside kitchen, two stables, and good well, and 40 acres under cultivation. For further particulars apply to

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